Building trust through assurance 2016 PwC Argentina Transparency Report

This Transparency Report sets out PwC Argentina's approach to building trust through assurance

Year ended 30 June 2016







Welcome to PwC Argentina's FY16 Transparency Report Our assurance business is at the core of our firm. Throughout our 100+-year history we have always recognised the importance of building trust and confidence in business. Reporting, audit and assurance have been a critical part of the journey.

In this report we showcase the steps we continue to take to enhance the quality of our assurance services through investment in our people, technologies and processes.

We are living in a world of disruption. New physical and psychological threats are emerging and technology is increasing connectivity and speed of change. At home, we face no less challenging times. A new government has been elected and has significant tasks going forward to keep us once again on the growth path. In the business world, we've been subject to ever-closer scrutiny from regulators and

social media. We witness how technology is revolutionising business models, whilst creating new risks which require immediate response. People are demanding more transparency, more commitment and more involvement. But there's only one response, human culture and behaviour which is critical to business success, or downfall.

Fundamentally, our business is guided by a clear purpose, to build trust in society and to solve important problems. This purpose comes to life through our people working with thousands of organisations delivering assurance where it is needed most.

I hope you enjoy the report.

Santiago Mignone Territory Senior Partner





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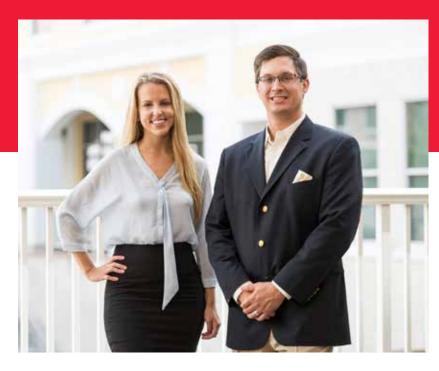
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Our focus on audit quality

Quality; Transparency; Innovation.

These are critical, interrelated elements of executing our Purpose: building trust in society and solving important problems. As auditors, trust is the vital element that translates the work we do into confidence in the capital markets. The question we ask ourselves, and that we are asked by our stakeholders, is how we build that trust. Like most things in life, trust is not given, it is earned. Our Purpose helps describe who we are, ar iculate our dedication to the work we do, and explain our commitment to tomorrow's solutions. We view the opportunity to work with our clients to build trust in society as a privilege— one that requires a laser focus on delivering quality, being transparent about our processes, continuously investing in innovation, and further developing the competencies to solve important problems.



1532 people responded Global People's Survey in FY16

84% of our people (vs. 82% in FY15)

We are proud of the quality of our audits and, in particular, the progress we have continued to make. We are committed to remaining proactive in advancing audit quality. With significant investments in technology, enhancements in processes, and thoughtful development of our people, we're doing just that—realizing a new era of auditing that will enable us to sustain and build on our recent quality results.

More and more the public, regulators, and governmental organizations have come to expect enhanced transparency from businesses, institutions, and individuals. This demand for transparency extends to our profession as well.

Tone at the top

We deliver high-quality audits in a manner consistent with the ethical standards and expectations of our profession. Ethical behaviour and consistent quality are crucial to everything that we do. We would not have a seat at the table without it. Our philosophy supports all of our actionsfrom selecting with whom we will do business, to assembling the best resources to perform high quality audits within a regulatory framework, to standing behind our work. We remain committed to our important role in the capital markets and, as such, we continue to invest in delivering independent and objective high-quality audits.

Our Purpose helps guide our decisionmaking process and set the proper tone. It provides a lens through which we make decisions on investments in our people, our approach, and our technology. And, it helps guide how we manage issues, make significant judgments, and help clients navigate complex situations. "Quality is fundamental to sustaining our brand and the value we deliver to our clients and represent to the capital markets, the investment community, and other stakeholders... and is inherent in our Purpose."

Throughout the Firm, we have regular, ongoing quality-related discussions to gain insights into what we are doing well, where we can continue to improve, and specific actions expected to achieve those enhancements. These discussions occur through a variety of channels, including webcasts, leadership visits, and, most importantly, individual coaching. To assess the impact and consistency of these communications, we periodically perform surveys of our clients. The results of these surveys demonstrate that our communications efforts are effective in reinforcing the importance of audit quality.



There is always room for improvement and we will never rest on our laurels

Audit quality

Our audit partners have adopted Audit Quality Principles to make clear to one another and our staff what we mean by "audit quality." At PwC, a quality audit means consistently:

- complying with auditing standards;
- applying a deep and broad understanding of our client's business and the financial environment in which they operate;
- using our expertise to raise and resolve issues early; and
- exercising professional skepticism in all aspects of our work.

Our Audit Quality Principles are achieved through our Audit Quality Practices. These practices include the following:

- We ask tough questions
- We stay current on professional standards
- We apply an objective and professionally skeptical mindset
- We aspire to be the audit committee's independent "eyes and ears"
- We plan our work in a timely and thorough fashion
- We embrace the review and supervision process as a way to continuously improve
- We recognize our role in the capital markets
- We are alert for issues that need deeper analysis and we speak up



As a network, we are making significant investments globally in technology aimed at providing our teams with the best tools to support them throughout each phase of the audit. New and enhanced tools are aimed at supporting our teams in identifying and addressing risks and issues earlier in the audit process, as well as improving project management and the phasing of our work.

At the center of our technology suite is Aura, our global audit platform. Aura is used by over 87,000 auditors worldwide on every PwC audit, driving quality and consistency on a global basis. New tools, such as Halo for Journals and Connect, are further broadening our use of technology and innovation to support our audit teams in conducting audits with additional insights, greater visibility into risks, and more consistent execution across our practice.

Aura v6

The network introduced Aura v6, a significantly enhanced version of our global audit platform. These enhancements help our teams plan and execute audits with greater consistency and quality. The workflow in Aura now more directly mirrors the natural flow of the audit process, and enhancements throughout the tool help our teams better project manage the audit.

A key feature of Aura v6 is the Risk and Response module. This new audit plan development module assists our teams in documenting audit risks and building high quality, risk-responsive audit plans. Auditors are supported in this effort with robust industry-based risk libraries with underlying linkages to commonly responsive control and substantive audit tests. The use of standard library risks and test procedures promotes consistent, high quality audit approaches, while also providing teams with the ability to tailor the plan as appropriate.

Real-time monitoring of the status of work from online monitoring tools helps teams continuously manage workflow and issues. With just a few clicks on a smartphone, tablet, or laptop, progress is visualized, highlighting areas where audit work is ready for review or attention is needed. As a result, issues can be identified and addressed sooner in the audit process, thereby having a positive impact on quality.

Halo/Data auditing

Through our data auditing strategy, we are developing processes and tools to make better use of data analysis and automated data auditing and validation techniques. These data extraction and visualization capabilities enable the auditor to extract and analyze large volumes of data, focus on higher risk transactions, while enhancing quality and providing greater insights to our clients. Halo, our globally branded data extraction, visualization, and auditing platform, is designed to enhance our risk assessment process and facilitate automated testing and data validation in a number of areas. Halo for Journals is our first data auditing application and helps our audit teams analyze journal entry data to spot unusual trends and patterns. We will continue to pilot other solutions under the Halo umbrella.

Connect

Connect is a web-enabled communication and collaboration tool that has been developed to facilitate the document exchange process between PwC and clients (i.e., the "prepared by client" process) in connection with audit engagements. Connect is a simple and secure way to share information efficiently and effectively with our clients, including via select tablets and smart phones. Through the Connect tool. PwC staff can create document requests. and both PwC and our clients can upload and download documents, initiate action items, and create comments. It provides PwC and our clients with the ability to monitor the status of requests, allowing for better management of documentation and greater accountability.

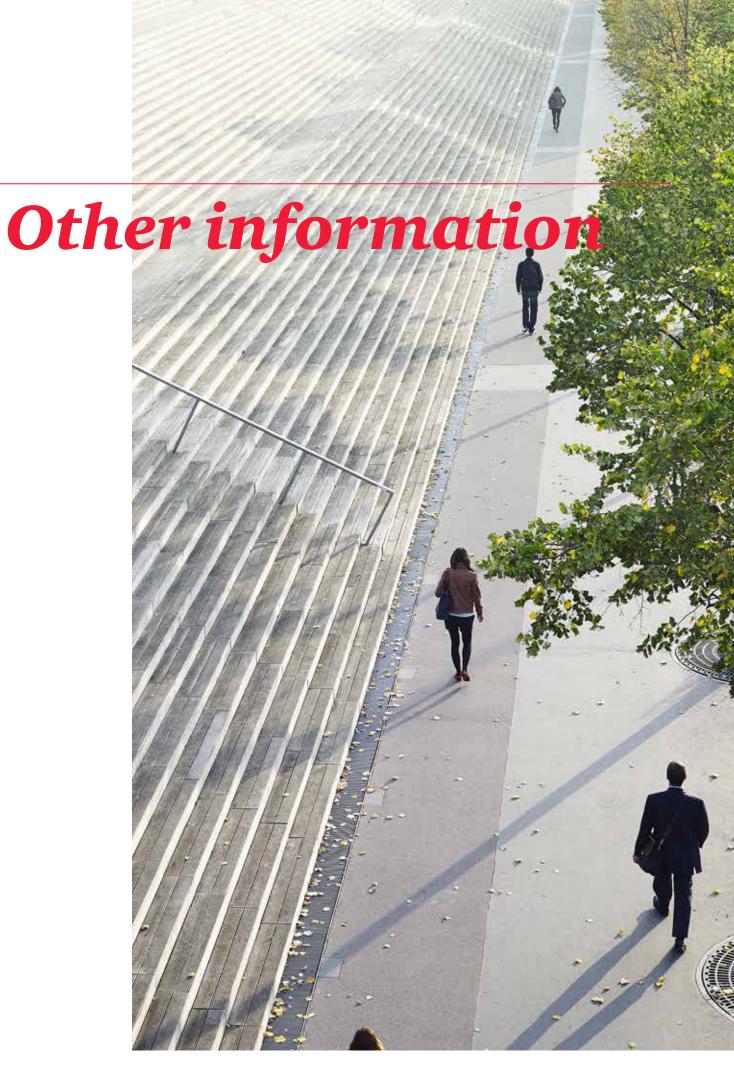
The use of Connect across the network has continued to increase, with over 18,000 Connect client sites in use and over 172,000 total distinct users worldwide.

We, at PwC Argentina, will begin using these global technology solutions on a pilot basis for some of our 2016 audits.

assurance

[uh-shoo r-uh ns] noun a statement or assertion intended to inspire confidence

Source: Collins English Dictionary



1. Legal structure and ownership

PwC Argentina operates as a Sociedad de Responsabilidad Limitada (SRL), a limited liability company under the laws of Argentina. We are registered with the Inspección General de Justicia under number 7645. We are also registered as auditors as per the rules and regulations of the Comisión Nacional de Valores (CNV), the Argentine National Securities and Exchange Commission, and of the Banco Central de la República Argentina (BCRA), the National Central Bank of Argentina.

We are also registered with overseas regulators such as the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) of the United States of America, the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) of the United Kingdom and the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) of Luxembourg.

(a) Ownership of PwC Argentina

PwC Argentina is owned by individuals practicing audit, tax or consulting services in Argentina, commonly referred to as partners who hold the voting rights. There are other legal entities in Argentina named PricewaterhouseCoopers, each of which is a separate and different legal entity from the others, which provide non - audit services. These entities are also members of the same international network as PwC Argentina.

The majority of PwC Argentina's partners are registered auditors and also registered accountants with the applicable governing bodies of the accounting profession in Argentina. Some of the partners are also Certified Public Accountants licensed in the United States of America. The average number of partners during the year ended 30 June 2016 was 60.

(b) PwC Argentina office structure

PwC Argentina operates out of 4 offices located in 4 different provinces in Argentina. Our headquarters is located in the City of Buenos Aires. A full list can be found at www.pwc.com.ar

We had approximately 1,870 people working with us during the year ended 30 June 2016.

(c) Principal lines of business

PwC Argentina operates through four principal Lines of Service (LoS). These are Assurance, Consulting, Tax and Legal.

Our people



62 partners as of 30 June 2016



1,870 staff during 30 June 2016



The primary services provided by each of the four principal lines of service are as follows:

Assurance

Assurance, regulatory reporting and capital market transactions – statutory audit, financial accounting, corporate reporting, compliance with new and existing regulations and remediation, risk and regulatory monitoring, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) conversion and assurance on capital market transactions and listings and assurance on non-financial information.

Risk assurance – including IT risk assurance, business resilience, commercial assurance, performance assurance, treasury services and internal audit.

Actuarial – mergers and acquisitions, capital structuring, financial modelling, risk and capital management, claims, reinsurance, insurance reserving and reporting, pensions and other benefit plans, performance benchmarking and insurance needs for the public sector.

Tax

Tax – corporate tax advisory, tax on transactions, transfer pricing, corporate and international tax structuring, finance and treasury, indirect taxes, property taxes, tax management and accounting services, dispute resolution, corporate tax compliance and outsourcing, private business tax advisory, personal tax advisory and compliance, tax valuations, municipal taxes, industrial promotion, etc.

Consulting

Consulting – finance, strategy, delivering deal value, operations, people, technology, governance risk and compliance, enterprise performance management (process transformation, systems implementation and application management), project and programme management and cyber security.

Sustainability and climate

change – impact reviews, strategic and performance planning, corporate governance and business ethics, policy development and roll-out, risk management, carbon markets planning and transactions, environmental tax and regulation, environmental health and safety management, ethical supply chain management, reporting and assurance on waste and resource use management.

Transaction services – buy and sell-side financial and due diligence, commercial and market due diligence, structuring, sale and purchase agreements, business modelling, valuations, bid support and defence.

Corporate finance – mergers and acquisitions advisory, private equity advisory, project finance and public private partnerships, debt advisory, public to private transactions and public company advisory.

Business recovery services -

financial and operational restructuring, working capital management, corporate and personal insolvency, independent business reviews, chief restructuring officers, interim leadership, optimised exits, accelerated mergers and acquisitions, corporate liability management, pension scheme credit advisory, distressed property advisory and corporate simplification.

Forensic services – disputes including asset tracing, commercial, competition, intellectual property and shareholder disputes, construction and insurance claims; investigations including anti- money laundering, fraud and corruption, anti-trust, royalty examinations and warranty compliance; and forensic advisory including contract and project risk, fraud prevention, project delay analysis, litigation readiness and revenue leakage.

Human resource services – reward and compensation, employment services, pensions and retirement, international assignment solutions, HR management including HR transaction advice, human capital metrics and benchmarking, HR function effectiveness and service delivery.

Legal

Business law – corporate law compliance, dispute resolution, corporate reorganisations, drafting of corporate documents, corporate registration, legal due diligence, escrow arrangements, management contracts, take-overs, drafting of letters of intents and commercial contracts, private and public bids, e-business compliance, trademarks, data protection, intellectual property.

Labour and social security –

remuneration, benefit plans, stock option plans, transfers of personnel in mergers and acquisitions, severance.

International trade and customs

 utilisation of free trade zones or special customs areas, application of international treaties and custom duties preferences, transfer pricing, foreign trade, dumping, foreign exchange matters.

A full list of our services can be found at www.pwc. com.ar

2. The PricewaterhouseCoopers network

'PricewaterhouseCoopers',
'PwC Network' and 'PwC'
refer to the network
of member firms of
PricewaterhouseCoopers
International Limited
(PwC International), each
of which is a separate legal
entity.

Introduction

We believe we are unique amongst the world's leading professional services organisations because of the talent of our people, the breadth of the PwC network and the strict standards with which PwC firms must comply. These standards include service quality, governance arrangements, independence, risk management, people and culture, brand and communications. PwC firms agree to adhere to network standards and their compliance is closely monitored.

(a) Legal structure of the network
In most parts of the world, the right
to practise audit and accountancy is
granted only to national firms that are
majority owned by locally qualified
professionals. PwC is a global network
of separate member firms, owned and
operating locally in countries around
the world. PwC firms are members of
PricewaterhouseCoopers International
Limited (PwCIL) and have the right to
use the PricewaterhouseCoopers name.

As members of the PwC Network, PwC firms share knowledge, skills and resources. This membership enables PwC firms to work together to provide high-quality services on a global scale to international and local clients, while retaining the advantages of being local businesses – including being knowledgeable about local laws, regulations, standards and practices.

PwCIL is a UK private company limited by guarantee, in which PwC firms are members. PwC UK is a member firm of PwCIL. PwCIL acts as a coordinating entity for PwC firms and does not practice accountancy or provide services to clients. PwCIL works to develop and implement policies and initiatives that create a common and coordinated approach for PwC firms in key areas such as strategy, brand, and risk and quality.

PwC firms can use the PwC name and draw on the resources and methodologies of the PwC Network. In return, member firms are required to comply with certain common policies and the standards of the PwC Network.

Each member firm of PwCIL is a separate legal entity and does not act as an agent of PwCIL, or any other PwC firm. PwCIL is not responsible or liable for the acts or omissions of any of its member firms, nor can it control the exercise of their professional judgement or bind them in any way. No member firm is responsible or liable for the acts or omissions of any other member firm, nor can it control the exercise of another member firm's professional judgement, or bind another member firm, or PwCIL in any way.

Our people



+195,000 people

Working in

+750 locations

in 157

(b) Size of the network

Member firms of PwC International provide industry-focused assurance, tax and advisory services to enhance value for their clients. Over 195,000 people in 157 countries worldwide share their thinking, experience and solutions to develop fresh perspectives and practical advice.

(c) Governance structures of PwCIL The governance structures of PwCIL are

The governance structures of PwCIL are as follows:

Network Leadership Team (NLT)

 The NLT sets the overall strategy for the PwC Network and the standards to which PwC firms agree to adhere. The NLT is made up of the Chairman of the PwC Network; the Senior Partners of the US, the UK and China member firms; and a fifth member appointed by the Global Board, currently the Senior Partner of PwC Germany. The Chairman of the PwC Network and the fifth member may serve on the NLT for a maximum of two terms of four years each in their respective capacities. The terms of the other NLT members are limited by the arrangements in their respective firms. The NLT typically meets monthly and on further occasions as required.

Strategy Council – The Strategy Council, which is made up of senior partners of the largest PwC firms and regions, agrees the strategic direction of the network and facilitates alignment for the execution of strategy. The Strategy Council meets at least quarterly and as required.

Network Executive Team (NET) -

This team is appointed by, and reports to, the NLT. Its members are responsible for leading teams drawn from network firms to coordinate our activities across all areas of our business.

Global Board (the 'Board') - The Board, which consists of 18 elected members, is responsible for the governance of PwCIL, oversight of the Network Leadership Team and approval of network standards. The Board does not have an external role. Board members are elected every four years by partners from all PwC firms. The current Board, with members from 13 countries, took up office in April 2013. Board members may serve a maximum of two terms of four years each. The Board meets four times a year and on further occasions as required. The names of the current members of each of the above bodies can be found in PwC's Global Annual Review, available at www.pwc. com/annualreview.

(d) Key features of the network

Every PwC firm is also responsible for its own risk and quality performance and, where necessary, for driving improvements. Every PwC firm is also exclusively responsible for the delivery of services to its clients.

To support transparency and consistency, each PwC firm's Territory Senior Partner signs an annual confirmation of compliance with certain standards. These cover a range of areas including independence, ethics and business conduct, Assurance, Advisory and Tax risk management, governance, anti- bribery and data protection and privacy.

These confirmations are reviewed by others who are independent from the PwC firm in question. Member firms are required to develop an action plan to address specific matters where they are not in compliance; such action plans are reviewed and execution of the plan is monitored.

There are some common principles and processes to guide PwC firms in applying the standards. Major elements include:

- The way we do business
- Sustainable culture
- · Policies and processes
- Quality reviews.

(i) The way we do business

PwC firms undertake their businesses within the framework of applicable professional standards, laws, regulations and internal policies. These are supplemented by a PwC Code of Ethics and Business Conduct for their partners and staff. The PwC Argentina Code of Conduct (the 'Code') is set out at www. pwc.com.ar/who-we-are/code-of-conduct

(ii) Sustainable culture

To promote continuing business success, PwC firms nurture a culture that supports and encourages PwC people to behave appropriately and ethically, especially when they have to make tough decisions. PwC people have ready access to a wide array of support networks within their respective member firms, both formal and informal, and technical specialists to help them reach appropriate solutions. The foundation of PwC's culture is objectivity, professional scepticism, cooperation between PwC firms and consultation.

(iii) Policies and processes

Each PwC firm has its own policies, based on the common standards and policies of the PwC Network. PwC firms also have access to common methodologies, technologies and supporting materials for many services. These methodologies, technologies and content are designed to help a member firm's partners and staff perform their work more consistently, and support their compliance with the way PwC does business.

(iv) Quality reviews

Each PwC firm is responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of its own quality control systems. This includes performing a self-assessment of its systems and procedures, and carrying out, or arranging to be carried out on its behalf, an independent review. In addition, PwC International monitors member firms' compliance. This includes monitoring not only whether each PwC firm conducts objective quality control reviews of all of its services, but also includes consideration of a member firm's processes to identify and respond to significant risks.

In accordance with applicable regulatory requirements, each firm may also be reviewed periodically, in some cases annually, by national and international regulators or professional bodies.

For Assurance work, there is a specific quality review programme, based on relevant professional standards relating to quality controls including International Standards on Quality Control 1: 'Quality control for firms that perform audits and reviews of historical financial information, and other assurance and related services engagements' (ISQC 1) and where applicable, of the US Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) Quality Controls Standards.

The overriding objective of the assurance quality review programme is to assess for each PwC firm that:

- Quality management systems are appropriately designed, are operating effectively and comply with applicable network standards and policies
- Engagements selected for review were performed in accordance with professional standards and PwC Audit requirements, and
- Significant risks are identified and managed appropriately.

A member firm's assurance quality review programme is monitored, as is the status and effectiveness of any quality improvement plans a PwC firm puts in place.

(e) Independence practices policy

Objectivity is the hallmark of our profession, at the heart of our culture and fundamental to everything we do. Independence underpins objectivity and has two elements: independence of mind and independence in appearance. PwC firms reinforce both of these elements through a combination of setting the right tone from the top; independent consultation on judgemental issues; detailed policy requirements including prescribed processes to safeguard independence; regular training; and careful observance of independence requirements.

3. Governance structure of PwC Argentina

The governance structure of PwC Argentina is made up of two main elements: a Leadership Team responsible for directing and implementing the policies and strategies of the firm and for its day-to-day management and an Oversight Board, which oversees the executive management.

(a) Leadership team

The Leadership Team is the executive group responsible for:

- Planning, development, management and control of the firm's operations;
- Implementation and customization of the global strategies and policies;
- Implementation of the policies; and,
- Implementation of the recommendations made by the firm's Oversight Board.

The principal objective is therefore promoting maximisation of the value, leadership and prestige of PwC in Argentina and globally.

As from 1 July 2015, the Leadership Team is chaired by Santiago Mignone. Santiago was elected by the firm's partners and he appoints the other Leadership Team members, all of whom are partners in the firm. Each team member has responsibility and accountability for a specific aspect of our business.

In conjunction with the other members of the Leadership Team, the TSP has the responsibility and authority to ensure the proper integration of the firm's lines of service, with the objective of enhancing leadership, and has joint management responsibility for support functions in coordination with the appropriate global leaders.

The members of the Leadership Team, who served through the year ended 30 June 2016, are shown below:



Santiago Mignone Chairman and Territory Senior Partner (TSP)



Edgardo Sajón Advisory



Miguel Urus Assurance



Carlos Rivarola Finance



Ricardo Tavieres Tax & Legal



Martín Barbafina Markets & Communications



Marcelo de Nicola **Human Capital**

The Leadership Team provides the necessary liaison between the global structure and the firm. Each member works in coordination with the relevant global leaders and provides guidance for the adequate application of global and local strategies and policies. The Leadership Team implements all the mechanisms necessary for the adequate planning of the operations of the firm (strategic plans and budgets) and the fair and equitable evaluation and compensation of the partners, taking into consideration the underlying objective of promoting the strength of PwC as a whole (corporate strength) and integration needs.

The TSP has, jointly with the Leadership Team, the responsibility and the authority for conducting the firm's affairs within the limits set by strategies and policies at global level. In conjunction with the other members of the Leadership Team, the TSP has the responsibility and authority to ensure the proper integration of the firm's lines of service, with the objective of enhancing leadership, and has joint management responsibility for support functions in coordination with the appropriate global leaders.

(b) Oversight Board

The principal roles of the Oversight Board are to hold the firm's Leadership Team to account and to represent the interests of partners, and as such it is a vital part of the firm's governance structure.

The Oversight Board is made up of 3 partner members, who are elected for a term of three years by our partners.

Partners use the Oversight Board as a formal communication channel with the Leadership Team. This is achieved by holding regular meetings with partners to get their views on the firm's overall strategy and any other issues that may be of concern.

PwC Argentina has adopted detailed policies and related rules regarding business ethics and compliance with all applicable professional standards. It strictly monitors compliance with all regulatory, professional and internal independence requirements related to financial interests, business and service relationships with clients and asks for annual confirmation of this from all relevant staff.

The members of the Oversight Board, who served through the year ended 30 June 2016, are shown below:



Carlos Pace Assurance



Norberto Montero Assurance



Carlos Zima Tax

4. Internal control and internal quality control systems

We are committed to delivering the highest quality professional services, and audit quality remains of paramount importance to the firm and our continued success in the marketplace.

Quality comes from more than the systems and processes that are embedded in the way we work to achieve compliance with standards and regulation, important though these are. Ultimately, it depends on the culture of the firm, which is based on the 'tone at the top', and our ability to recruit, train and motivate intelligent professionals who take personal responsibility to deliver high-quality work.

Introduction

PwC Argentina's quality control systems for our Assurance practice are based on International Standard on Quality Control 1 - 'Quality control for firms that perform audits and reviews of financial statements and other assurance and related services engagements' (ISQC 1).

ISQC 1 applies to firms that perform audits of financial statements and provide other assurance services where they relate to activities that are reported in the public domain and are therefore in the public interest.

The objective of ISQC 1 is for the firm to establish and maintain a system of quality control to provide it with reasonable assurance that:

- the firm and its personnel comply with professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements; and
- reports issued by the firm, or by engagement leaders, are appropriate in the circumstances

In addition, compliance with International Standards on Auditing requires PwC Argentina to have quality control systems.

Further:

- as a Registered Auditor regulated by the Comisión Nacional de Valores, we are required to comply with the Audit Regulations and Guidance ("Audit Regulations") issued by the CNV; and
- we are also required to comply with the policies and regulations of a number of other regulatory bodies which PwC Argentina is either registered with, as a condition of ongoing registration to perform audits of certain entities, or regulated by. These regulatory bodies include the Financial Reporting Council in the UK and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in the US.

Consequently many of our policies and procedures have been designed and implemented to ensure that we comply, and that we can demonstrate compliance, with not only the Audit Regulations of the CNV, but also with the policies and regulations of other overseas regulators with which PwC Argentina is registered.

The policies and procedures that form our internal quality control systems have been documented, and there is a monitoring regime to enable the Leadership Tema to review the extent to which the policies and procedures are operating effectively.

The policies and procedures are embedded as part of the firm's day-to-day activities.

Although this Transparency Report is focused on our Assurance practice, many of our systems, policies and procedures operate firmwide across all parts of our business.

The six elements of quality control set out in ISQC 1

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Leadership responsibilities for quality within the firm



Relevant ethical requirements



Acceptance and continuance of client relationships and specific engagements



Human resources



Engagement performance



Monitoring

Explanation of our systems of internal control including internal quality control systems

Our internal control systems are based on the six elements of quality control set out in ISQC 1, which are:

- 1. Leadership responsibilities for quality within the firm.
- 2. Relevant ethical requirements.
- 3. Acceptance and continuance of client relationships and specific engagements.
- 4. Human resources.
- 5. Engagement performance.
- 6. Monitoring.

In parts 1 to 6 below, we set out how our internal control and internal quality control systems incorporate each of the above elements.

The PwC Network monitors PwC Argentina's compliance with PwC's Network Risk Management Standards. Updates and changes to the firm's internal quality control systems, as well as points needing reinforcement, are communicated to partners and staff via mandatory training and other technical communications. Details of the firm's internal quality control systems are available to partners and staff.

1. Leadership responsibilities for quality within the firm



(a) Organisational structure

The Leadership Team under Santiago Mignone's chairmanship, is responsible for the firm's internal control and internal quality control systems.

Day-to-day responsibility for implementing this system and for monitoring risk and the effectiveness of control is delegated to Compliance, Risk Management and the individual Lines of Service, as appropriate.

The firm's leadership is committed to delivering high quality work and has established a culture of upholding the values of integrity, independence, ethics and professional competence.

Resources dedicated to establishing high standards in quality, independence, ethics and professional competency are in place. Quality has been embedded throughout the firm and the detailed policies endorsed by the leadership team, including ethical, human resources and engagement performance, are discussed below.

Each Line of Service has a partner responsible for risk management and quality control.

Within Assurance, Silvia Giordano is the Assurance Risk and Quality Leader with responsibility on the Assurance Executive for risk and quality matters. PwC's purpose is to build trust in society and solve important problems. This purpose serves as a guide for the strategic choices we make as a firm.

(b) Culture and tone at the top

PwC's purpose is to build trust in society and solve important problems. This purpose serves as a guide for the strategic choices we make as a firm. PwC is founded on a culture of partnership with professional values and a strong commercial focus. This is reflected in our vision:

"One firm - a commercial enterprise that does the right thing for our clients, our people and our communities.

Our ambition is to build the iconic professional services firm, always front of mind, because we aim to be the best. We set the standard and we drive the agenda for our profession. We value our past but look to invest in our future to leave the firm even stronger than when we inherited it. We will achieve our vision by living and breathing a common set of values and behaviours.

(i) One firm

We are one firm, an extensively networked organisation that aims to bring the best of PwC to our clients, each and every time. We will:

- aim to deliver more value than our client expects
- be agile and flexible
- share knowledge and bring fresh insights
- always act in the interest of the whole firm.

(ii) Commercial enterprise

Our clients and people feel and benefit from the energy and power of the firm. We attract, develop and inspire the best people, who inspire confidence in our clients. We will:

- · be positive and energise others
- invest in personal relationships listen with interest and curiosity, encouraging diverse views; and
- have a thirst for learning and developing others.

(iii) Do the right thing

We will deliver exceptional value with integrity, confidence and humility. We support one another and our communities. We have the courage to express our views, even when they may not be popular. We will:

- put ourselves in our clients' shoes
- · never be satisfied with second best
- treat people in a way we would like to be treated
- always be brave enough to challenge the unacceptable
- act with integrity and enhance our reputation.

We must all accept personal responsibility to play our part in driving our firm and demonstrating these values and behaviours - opting out is not acceptable. Put simply this is how we define success."

2. Relevant ethical requirements



We take good ethical behaviour seriously and seek to embrace the spirit and not just the letter of relevant ethical requirements.

PwC Argentina has an Ethics Committee comprised of 5 partners, namely, Hugo Almoño, Marcelo de Nicola, Ariel Vidan, Karin Reise and Juan Carlos Ferreiro. Marcelo de Nicola is the firm's Business Conduct partner, a role defined by the Ethics Standards. He is also a partner member of the Leadership Team and supported by a team to help the firm apply comprehensive and consistent independent policies, procedures and tools.

All partners and staff undertake regular mandatory training so that they understand the ethical and professional requirements under which we operate. All partners and staff are also required annually to confirm that they are aware of and will continue to follow all relevant ethical and professional obligations.

(a) Professional conduct

The reputation and success of the firm depends on the professionalism and integrity of every partner and member of staff. Partners and staff comply with the standards developed by the PwC Network and PwC Argentina, and the firm monitors compliance with these obligations.

The PwC
Argentina Code
of Conduct
encourages
partners and
staff to report
and express
concerns in good
faith, fairly,
honestly and
respectfully

On joining the firm, all staff and partners are made aware of the The PwC Argentina Code of Conduct. The PwC Argentina Code of Conduct sets out what we stand for and is underpinned by the following overarching principles:

- · acting professionally
- · doing business with integrity
- upholding our clients' reputations as well as our own
- treating people and the environment with respect
- · acting in a socially responsible manner
- working together and thinking about the way we work
- considering the ethical dimensions of our actions.

(b) Independence

The firm has specific policies, procedures and practices relating to independence, which are explained in more detail in section 5.

(c) Hotline

The firm has a whistle-blowing hotline. This is available to any partner or member of staff who observes inappropriate business conduct or unethical behaviour where the normal consultation processes are not appropriate.

The PwC Argentina Code of Conduct encourages partners and staff to report and express concerns in good faith, fairly, honestly and respectfully. We are committed to dealing responsibly, openly and professionally with any genuine concerns raised about possible malpractice. If a genuine concern is raised which is in the public interest, the individual raising the concern will be protected

from losing their job, or suffering from any form of victimisation as a result.

(d) Confidentiality and information security
Confidentiality and information security are key
elements of our professional responsibilities.
Misuse or loss of confidential client information
or personal data may expose the firm to legal
proceedings, and it may also adversely impact
our reputation.

The firm's person responsible for Information Security is our partner Enzo Taibi.

All partners and staff are required to comply with the fundamental principle of confidentiality. There are also other legal and regulatory obligations on partners and staff about handling of confidential information and personal data, and contractual terms govern the use and disclosure of information. The firm provides information security and data protection training upon recruitment, update training for all partners and staff thereafter, and training to various departments on an ad hoc basis throughout the year.

PwC Argentina's information security policies and procedures aim to make sure that:

- information is protected from internal and external threats
- confidentiality, availability and integrity of information is maintained
- statutory, regulatory and contractual obligations are met
- access to confidential information is granted only for justified business needs.

We are opposed to bribery in any form. The PwC Argentina Code of Conduct makes it clear that it is unacceptable for our people to solicit, accept, offer, promise or pay bribes.

Our policies and procedures include:

- encryption of all the firm's laptops, PCs and memory sticks
- secure and managed apps for data accessed by mobile devices
- software restricting the use of removable media
- access to engagement files both electronic and hard copy paper files - which is restricted to those with a 'need to know' and is regularly reviewed
- regular backup of data on individual laptops and PCs
- clear-desk policy, both in our offices and at client sites
- securing hard copy files when they are not in use
- remote access to our network via a secure virtual private network, or equivalent technology
- policies on the transmission of data by email outside of the organisation
- restricted access to operational areas of PwC Argentina and our buildings.

The firm's policies and standards are supported by ongoing compliance monitoring.

(e) Anti-bribery

We are opposed to bribery in any form. The PwC Argentina Code of Conduct makes it clear that it is unacceptable for our people to solicit, accept, offer, promise or pay bribes.

Policies, training and procedures designed to prevent bribery are in place.

3. Acceptance and continuance of client relationships and specific engagements



We have rigorous client and engagement acceptance and continuance procedures to help protect the firm and its reputation.

(a) Acceptance and continuance systems Within Assurance, we use an Acceptance and Continuance (A&C) system for all audit work.

The A&C system:

- enables engagement teams, business unit management and risk management specialists to determine whether the risks related to a potential or an existing client or engagement are manageable, and whether or not PwC Argentina should be associated with a particular client, its management and/or the proposed services in question; and
- contains triggers that require consultation within business units and with the Assurance Risk Management Partner. This allows the right people to make the right decisions at the right time and also enables the firm to put in place safeguards to mitigate identified risks.

The system facilitates risks to be properly assessed and appropriate policies being followed in response to those identified risks.

(b) Relationship checks, independence assessments and conflicts of interest Before accepting a new engagement, we perform:

checks to identify relevant relationships these checks are performed by a dedicated
relationship checking team. Where conflicts
of interest are identified, we either decline
to accept an engagement or we put in place
arrangements to make sure that potential
conflicts of interest are appropriately
managed; and

- in the case of new audit clients, an independence assessment this is a comprehensive assessment which covers all aspects of independence in relation to a new potential audit client. This enables us to identify non-audit services provided to that potential audit client and determine:
 - those services which are prohibited by
 Ethical Standards to be provided to an
 audit client to determine whether they can
 be terminated before we are appointed
 as auditor or not. Where we are able to
 terminate the provision of such services,
 the non-audit service providers in the
 PwC Network are instructed to terminate
 the service prior to our appointment and
 confirm that they have done so. If we are
 unable to terminate the non-audit service
 before our potential audit appointment, we
 decline the audit appointment; and
 - for those services which we can continue to provide, we identify the threats to our independence and objectivity and the safeguards which are in place. Where the threats to our independence and objectivity are unsurmountable, we decline the audit appointment.
- (c) Withdrawal from an engagement

Policies and procedures are in place for circumstances in which we determine that we should, or are required to, withdraw from an engagement. These policies include the need for appropriate consultations both within the firm and with those charged with governance at the

entity, together with ensuring compliance with legal and professional obligations.

The policies and procedures also deal with circumstances where we become aware of information after accepting the engagement which, had we been aware of that information earlier, would have led us to decline the engagement.

4. Human resources



Our people are our biggest asset. Perhaps the most critical components of quality are the skills and personal qualities of our people. As a professional services firm, many of these skills and qualities are relevant to all our Lines of Service. As a consequence, our strategy for recruitment, engagement, development, diversity and remuneration is consistent across the firm.

(a) Recruitment

PwC Argentina aims to recruit, train, develop and retain the best and the brightest staff who share in the firm's strong sense of responsibility for delivering high-quality services. Across the firm, we recruited over 650 new people.

We have always believed that the best audits are performed by bright and intelligent people. Accordingly, we maintain a strategy of accepting strong graduates into our audit business and set a high academic threshold.

Recruitment

Across the firm in the year ended 30 June 2016, we recruited:





We believe that investing in a broad range of skills, experiences and backgrounds puts us in a stronger position to meet the needs of our clients. We believe that investing in a broad range of skills, experiences and backgrounds puts us in a stronger position to understand and meet the needs of our clients. This year we have continued to recruit a more diverse range of talent, in particular to encourage more talented women and those from different social backgrounds to our organisation.

(b) Theoretical knowledge, professional skills and values

Our people develop theoretical knowledge, professional skills and values through the work they perform, the coaching received from others and from formal learning activities that they undertake throughout the year.

i) Work experience and coaching
Each engagement leader is responsible for
staffing their engagements with partners and
staff with appropriate professional competence
and experience. As described in our engagement
performance section below, engagement leaders
are expected to oversee the adequacy of the
direction, coaching, supervision and review of
the more junior members of their engagement
teams as part of a culture that embraces coaching
across our entire business.

ii) Formal learning

Our PwC Professional global leadership framework underpins a training curriculum which provides a wealth of opportunities for our people to build professional skills and knowledge to support the delivery of high quality assurance services to our clients.

Learning and development is a continuous process which starts with induction activities when a person joins the firm and continues throughout their career and is tailored to the grade, role and experience of each individual.

We have a training curriculum that includes grade transition and talent programmes as well as our technical and business skills training programmes. We support many individuals to complete professional qualifications that are required or relevant to their role. In addition, our industry groups operate specialist training programmes relevant to their sectors.

Our practices to maintain capabilities and technical competence include:

- Within Assurance, all partners and staff are required to complete a learner profile to target their annual mandatory Assurance technical training requirements based on the experience, grade and role of each individual.
- The mandatory technical training programme builds foundation technical capabilities relevant to auditors. Annual update training addresses new external requirements, internal policy or methodology changes and the remediation of observations raised through internal quality reviews and external inspections.
- We consider training needs on an on-going basis and release training materials throughout the year to respond to emerging performance gaps promptly when they are identified.
- We monitor the completion of mandatory training and failure to complete mandatory training by set deadlines results in disciplinary steps being taken.
- We review the training programme for compliance with PwC network standards.
- We have processes in place to equip our tutors with effective instructor skills and the effectiveness of our training programme is assessed through a number of evaluation techniques.

iii) Access to reference material and subject matter experts

The firm maintains online reference materials covering all aspects of policy, procedure and methodology as well as a library of all relevant auditing, accounting and ethical standards. To keep theoretical knowledge up to date, partners and staff receive regular electronic update communications on technical and regulatory topics as they arise.

(c) Performance evaluation

We continue to invest in equipping our partners and staff with the coaching and management skills needed to give honest feedback, to continually improve performance. We expect feedback to be provided regularly throughout the year by all staff and partners. This feedback then forms a key element of our annual appraisal process. All partners and staff assess their performance against their agreed objectives and against grade-related skills and capabilities.

The appraisal process covers technical competence and quality, and consideration is given not only to what an individual has achieved, but also how they achieved it. Based on this assessment, individuals are assigned a performance rating that is benchmarked across the firm and which influences their salary, bonus and progression within the firm.

We continue to place particular focus on the contribution and impact each person has made to the firm.

Our higher performers have the opportunity both to progress more quickly and to receive higher reward through pay progression and bonuses. Individuals with lower performance will progress more slowly, and where performance is unsatisfactory corrective action is taken.

 Leading firm in tax services 2015 TAX MARKETS TRACKER



We audited 46% of companies trading in the Buenos Aires Stock Exchange.

We provide services to more than 2,500 global, multinational and small and medium sized companies

We audited more than 60% of Argentineanbased Foreign Private Issuers registered with the SEC.

(d) Career development

We develop our people through a combination of on-the-job experience, coaching and training programmes. This is supported by additional development opportunities, such as internal and external secondments, international assignments, membership of professional committees and working groups, community partnerships and voluntary programmes.

Each member of staff has a coach manager assigned to them, who is responsible for their performance management, coaching and well-being. The coaches work with individuals to understand their unique strengths and development areas, and assess what opportunities are available to help them to acquire necessary skills.

A great deal of attention is devoted to ensuring that our people maintain their high level of professional expertise.

(e) Promotion

Any promotion in the firm is based on an individual's performance, their skills and the business case. In the case of admission to partnership, the process is particularly thorough and involves the Line of Service leadership teams. The Country Admissions Committee conducts and manages the overall assessment validation process on all Line of Service partner candidates. All potential admissions to partnership are considered by the Partner Admissions Committee, and are put to the full partnership for consideration.

(f) Remuneration

In determining remuneration for our staff, we carefully balance several elements including: the economic climate and the external market; recognition of people's hard work, including the quality of the work they deliver; the performance of the firm; and investment for the future.

(g) Assignment of engagement teams Partners and staff are assigned to engagement teams, based on the individuals' experience, competencies and grade.

In addition, for certain types of work we specify levels of experience and specific additional training to make sure that the individuals are competent to undertake that type of work. For example only certain individuals can lead or undertake certain types of work such as capital market transactions and due diligence work.

PwC Audit includes specific policies and procedures about the audits of groups, including multilocational and cross-border groups

(h) Diversity

We have long since prioritised diversity, seeking to ensure that all our people can fulfil their potential, whatever their background.

However, never before has the need for diverse talent been more critical to the success of our business; as we look to the future and our plans to grow our business we will need to work with different types of people, bringing different skills, experiences and perspectives and leveraging these assets will demand a highly inclusive working environment. Creating these conditions requires the efforts of all, particularly our partners, and this is our focus.

5. Engagement performance



The quality and effectiveness of our audit service is critical to all of our stakeholders. We therefore invest heavily in the effectiveness of our audits, in the skills of our people and in our underlying audit methodology, as well as in making the right amount of time and resources available.

We pay close attention to what our audit clients require from us, what they tell us we need to improve and to the findings of regulatory inspections on the quality of our work. Just as important are the internal indicators and processes that routinely monitor the effectiveness of our risk and quality processes, and provide timely information about the quality of our audit work and any areas for improvement.

(a) Methodology and tools

Member firms of PwCIL use a common audit methodology and process (PwC Audit), supplemented by local regulatory requirements, for their audit engagements. This common methodology allows us to provide high quality and consistent audit services and facilitates sharing of good practice and mobility of partners and staff across the PwC Network. The PwC Argentina audit approach adheres to International Standards on Auditing, and laws and regulations in the Argentina, and we continuously seek to improve the model.

PwC Audit includes specific policies and procedures about the audits of groups, including multi-locational and cross-border groups. Those policies and procedures include the use of, and reliance on, other auditors, whether they are part of the PwC Network or not, and the signing of group audit reports.

PwC Audit is underpinned by Aura, our global ERP system which is used across the entire PwC Network. Aura supports teams in applying our methodology effectively, by creating transparent linkage between risks, required procedures and

PwC Audit PwC's audit is built on a foundation of smart 2 Deep business understanding people, a smart approach and smart technology. 3 Relevant risks This, together with our six-step audit process, 4 Intelligent scoping results in an audit that is robust, insightful 5 Robust testing and relevant. 6 Meaningful conclusions Smart People Smart Approach Smart Technology

the work performed to address those risks, as well as providing comprehensive guidance and project management capabilities. Aura provides audit engagement teams with:

- a single instance global software with embedded industry specific audit procedures enabling consistency, synergy and scale;
- a systematic risk-based approach, meaning that we focus on the things that matter;
- a workflow technology that allocates audit procedures and individual tasks on personalised dashboards, enabling the timely execution and review of work; and
- real time monitoring of engagement quality and progress

Aura is regularly enhanced to improve features. New Aura features and functionality are developed at a global level to reflect changes to regulatory and legal requirements, technology initiatives to improve quality and efficiency, themes from external and internal quality reviews and feedback from global users. Recently, we implemented our latest major release of Aura (version 6) containing significant enhancements.

(b) Comprehensive policies and procedures

The firm has policies and procedures governing accounting, corporate reporting, regulatory and auditing practice. These are regularly updated to reflect new professional developments, changes in our operating environment and emerging external issues, as well as the needs and concerns of the practice. These policies and procedures are supported by guidance that PwC Argentina provides to its professionals on how best to implement them. The policies, procedures and guidance are available in electronic files and databases, and are readily accessible to our people remotely at any time.

(c) Consultation and support

Consultation is a key element of quality control. The firm has policies setting out the circumstances under which consultation is mandatory. The firm's technical experts track new developments in relevant areas and provide updates to the appropriate professional staff.

Our consultative culture also means that our engagement teams regularly consult with each other on an informal basis, as well as with experts and others, often in situations where consultation is not formally required. Within Assurance, we use a consultation database that has been specifically designed to aid the enquiry and consultation process. It also makes sure documentation of consultations is in accordance with professional standards.

A Technical Committee (TC) supports audit and non-audit engagement teams within Assurance to help them meet professional standards, and regulatory and legal requirements. TC's remit is to establish the technical risk and quality framework in which the Assurance practice operates and to provide advice and support to client teams, and in some instances, clients, when the need arises.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, a total of 454 consultations were dealt with covering audit, accounting and risk management issues, among others

(d) Supervision and review

The engagement leader and engagement manager supervise the audit, review the work done, coach the team and maintain audit quality. Our audit software, Aura, is designed to help audit team members track the progress of the engagement and therefore make sure that all work has been completed, that work is reviewed by the relevant individuals including the engagement leader and, where relevant, Engagement Quality Control Reviewer (known in PwC Audit as the Quality Review Partner), and that all matters arising have been appropriately addressed.

The engagement leader is expected to:

- lead the performance of the audit and its documentation by being proactively and sufficiently involved throughout the audit, including being satisfied that risks have been assessed and responded to appropriately
- drive a cultural mindset that strives for continuous quality improvement, challenges engagement team members to think, analyse, question and be rigorous in their approach, and embody the experiences of our clients and people in how the team delivers the audit and applies professional scepticism
- foster an integrated coaching culture and demonstrate a willingness to learn and to coach others
- be responsible for the engagement team undertaking appropriate consultation on difficult or contentious matters, initiating those consultations where necessary

During the year ended 30 June 2016, a total of 454 consultations were dealt with.

We appoint a
Quality Review
Partner (QRP)
to conduct
engagement
quality control
reviews of the
audits of listed
clients, other
public interest
entities and
clients identified
as higher risk

- have an ongoing involvement in assessing the progress of the audit, and in making key judgements
- be satisfied that the review, supervision and quality control procedures in place are adequate and effective; and
- have an overall responsibility for reviewing and assessing the quality of the work done, its proper and timely documentation and the conclusions reached.

The engagement manager supports the engagement leader by:

- setting an example in the performance of the audit and its documentation by being involved throughout the audit, including identifying the risks and being satisfied that they are responded to appropriately
- striving for continuous quality improvement, challenging engagement team members and applying rigour to the audit process
- fostering an integrated coaching culture and demonstrating a willingness to learn and coach others
- together with the engagement leader, putting in place arrangements for timely reviews of audit work and documentation, and, taking into account the nature, extent and level of reviews already performed by other members of the team, satisfying himself or herself that the work performed and documentation are consistent with the understanding of the engagement; and
- reviewing work done and the record of the audit, including considering the quality of the audit process and the results of the work and the documentation of conclusions.

In addition to reviews by the engagement leader and engagement manager, all staff are expected to critically self-review their own work to make sure that it meets the relevant requirements.

(e) Engagement quality control review

We appoint a Quality Review Partner (QRP) to conduct engagement quality control reviews of the audits of listed clients, other public interest entities and clients identified as higher risk.

QRPs are experienced individuals who are independent of the core engagement team; they receive training when appointed as a QRP and on an annual basis thereafter.

QRPs are appointed to an engagement based on their experience and expertise. The ORP is responsible for reviewing key aspects of the audit including independence, significant risks and their responses to these risks, judgements, uncorrected misstatements, documentation of work done in the areas reviewed, the financial statements, communication with those charged with governance and the appropriateness of the audit report to be issued. QRPs are involved throughout the audit process so that their input is timely. The QRP will seek to challenge the audit team in the judgements they have made and work done. Their review is completed and any matters raised are resolved to the QRP's satisfaction in advance of the audit report date.

(f) Engagement documentation

At the end of an engagement, teams are required to assemble the hard copy paper file and then archive both this and the electronic file in accordance with our own policies laid down by professional standards and the law.

In the case of the electronic audit file, automated processes exist to make sure that the file is archived on time and the act of archiving prevents any further amendments being made to the file.

The hard copy file is retained in a secure accesscontrolled filing system either within the office or off-site. Unless required for legal, regulatory or internal review purposes, electronic and hard copy paper files are only accessible by members of the engagement team until they are destroyed. All engagement files are destroyed after periods specified by law or professional standards.

(g) Audit reporting

We are acutely aware that the effectiveness of our work as auditors is directly linked to the effectiveness of our reporting, whether to audit committees and boards of directors, and in the role we play in external reporting in reporting to the owners of the entity being audited.

(i) Reporting to audit committees

When reporting to audit committees and those charged with governance in other organisations where no audit committee exists, we place particular emphasis on communicating our audit scope and approach, together with our assessment of audit risk. During the course of the audit we communicate any threats to auditor objectivity, including independence, the significant risks and judgements that impact the reported financial performance and position, and

We welcome the feedback that we have received both from our clients and from shareholders and other commentators on our audit reports

the manner in which the information is presented in the annual report. In part, this presentation of significant judgements includes highlighting to the audit committee the judgements that have been made by management in preparing the financial statements that we believe are important to an understanding of the performance being presented. It is important as auditors that we recognise that the nature of accounting and the judgements that are applied mean that there is often not a precise answer.

It is also our role to inform the board whether we can conclude that what is reported externally is both true and fair within established norms of materiality, including considering both qualitative and quantitative aspects of accounting and reporting.

(ii) External reporting
The form and content of our audit reports for
Argentinean entities are laid down by professional
standards in force in Argentina.

We are conscious that our reports should be clear and unambiguous.

The form and content of audit reports continue to evolve, due both to changes in the legal and regulatory framework and due to developing market practice. We welcome, fully support and embrace the moves towards greater transparency over the audit process.

Engagement leaders only conclude on the reasonableness of the financial statements and sign an audit opinion following appropriate review of the work performed by the audit team, resolution of issues identified, clarification of any uncertainties and an assessment of uncorrected misstatements, both quantitative and qualitative, identified in respect of the financial statements. Consultation procedures are in place where a modified opinion, or inclusion of an emphasis of matter or other matter paragraph is proposed. The consultation process assists in conveying matters raised clearly and unambiguously.

6. Monitoring

Monitoring of our internal quality control systems comprises internal and external monitoring. External monitoring is undertaken by the firm's regulators and is reported in section 6.

Quality monitoring is an integral part of the firm's continuous improvement programme. We constantly seek to improve policies, procedures and the consistency of the quality of our work. Instances of failure to meet defined performance standards are treated seriously and the engagement leader responsible will be counselled to improve performance. In addition, under the firm's accountability framework, an engagement leader's remuneration can be impacted by quality failings.

We run a quality review programme, in which independent teams of partners and staff review completed engagements to assess compliance with our quality standards and regulatory requirements. Details of the Assurance programme are set out below.

(a) Global Assurance Quality Review Programme

The PwC Network has established a review programme for all PwC Assurance practices. This includes a Quality Management Review (QMR), which tests whether our quality management systems are appropriately designed, operating effectively and comply with PwC Network standards, and an Engagement Compliance Review (ECR) programme to assess whether engagements are performed in accordance with relevant standards. The results of the QMR and ECR are included in the Member Firm Report, issued on the Assurance practice of each Member Firm across the PwC Network.

(i) Quality Management Review
A full QMR is performed every three years
with a targeted update being performed in the
intervening years. The updates monitor progress
on remediation of any control issues raised in
the last full review and assess the impact of any
new developments on the internal quality control
systems. The QMR is led and resourced from
other PwC Network firms. PwC Argentina was
last subject to a full QMR in 2015, with a targeted
QMR undertaken in 2016.

Whilst reviews identified a number of improvements to systems, none of these were assessed as likely to lead to engagements not being compliant with relevant standards.

(ii) Engagement Compliance Reviews
The key features of the annual ECR programme are as follows:

- a review of completed audit engagements of individuals in the firm who are authorised to sign audit reports (known as Responsible Individuals);
- an audit engagement of each Responsible Individual is reviewed at least once every three years as required by Audit Regulations;
- in addition, the firm maintains a list of clients with a high public profile and the audits of these clients are reviewed more frequently;
- a review of a sample of completed non-audit assurance engagements. The sample aims to reflect the range of different non- audit assurance work and its significance to the firm;
- engagement compliance reviews are led by experienced partners, supported by teams of partners, directors and senior managers who are all independent of the office, business unit and engagement leader being reviewed;
- follow-up reviews take place if deficiencies have been identified;
- adverse findings are taken into consideration in determining the reward and promotion of engagement leaders; and
- the results are reported to the Leadership Team and to PwCIL.

Each engagement reviewed is assessed using the following categories:

- 'Compliant with no comments' relevant auditing, assurance, accounting and professional standards have been complied with in all material respects.
- 'Compliant with review matters' the following circumstances would generally lead to this conclusion:
 - required assurance procedures not performed or not documented, relating to a significant transaction stream, balance or area
 - procedures not substantially performed in accordance with professional standards
 - assurance procedures that failed to detect a material departure from applicable accounting standards
 - inadequate documentation in respect of a significant or required area
 - inappropriate evaluation of control weaknesses
 - audit/assurance report does not conform to professional standards.

But in all cases, sufficient audit work has been performed in all other respects and we are satisfied that the appropriate report has been issued.

 'Non-compliant' - relevant auditing, assurance, accounting and professional standards or documentation requirements were not complied with in respect of a material matter.

PwC Argentina was last subject to an ECR in June 2016.

We run a quality review programme, in which independent teams of partners and staff review completed engagements to assess compliance with our quality standards and regulatory requirements.

5. Independence policies and practices

Policies and guidance

The PwC Network Independence policy, which is based on the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' (IESBA) Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, contains minimum standards which all member firms of PwCIL have agreed to follow, including processes that are to be followed to maintain independence from clients

The independence requirements of the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and those of the US Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) are in certain instances more restrictive than the IESBA code and the PwC Network's policy accounts for this by including provisions that are specifically applicable to SEC restricted entities.

The Argentina firm also supplements the PwC Network policy with the regulatory requirements of Argentina professional and regulatory bodies.

The policy covers, among others, the following areas:

- personal and firm independence including policies and guidance on the holding of financial interests (such as shares) and other financial arrangements (which include bank accounts and loans) by partners, staff, the firm and its pension schemes
- non-audit services and fee arrangements. The policy is supported by Statements of Permitted Services (SOPS), which provide practical guidance on the application of the policy in respect of non-audit services to audit clients; and
- business relationships including policies and guidance on joint business relationships (such as joint ventures and joint marketing) and purchasing goods and services

The PwC
Network has
a number of
global systems
that assist PwC
Argentina and
its partners
and staff to
comply with its
independence
policies and
procedures.

Systems

The PwC Network has a number of global systems that assist PwC Argentina and its partners and staff to comply with its independence policies and procedures. These systems include:

- the Central Entity Service (CES), which contains information about corporate entities including audit clients and their related securities. CES assists partners and staff in determining the independence status of clients of the firm when they are considering a new non-audit engagement or business relationship
- Checkpoint, which all member firm partners and practice staff managers and above use to pre-clear securities before acquisition and to record their subsequent purchases and disposals. Where a member firm wins a new audit client, this system automatically informs those holding securities in this client if there is a requirement to sell the security.
- Authorisation for Services (AFS), which
 is a system that facilitates communication
 between a non-audit service's engagement
 leader and the audit engagement leader,
 documents the potential independence threats
 of the service and proposed safeguards, and
 acts as a record of the audit engagement
 leader's conclusion on the acceptability of the
 service.

PwC Argentina also has a number of specific systems, including:

 A rotation-tracking system that monitors compliance with the firm's audit rotation policies for engagement leaders, other key audit partners and senior staff involved in an audit. This ensures that we consider each of the rotation rules which are relevant to that client entity and to the seniority of the role that the individual plays, and apply the most restrictive period of engagement tenure and time off the engagement.

Engagement leader, QRP and Key Audit Partner rotation policy

We adhere to the rotation requirements of the independence rules published by IESBA, the CNV or the SEC as applicable to a particular audited entity. For issuers that are subject to SEC independence rules, engagement leader and QRP tenure is set at five years, with a five year cooling off period.

For entities that are subject to CNV independence rules, engagement leader and QRP tenure is set at seven years.

For all other entities our policy sets tenure for engagement leader and QRP at ten years.

Training and confirmations

Annually, all partners and practice staff receive mandatory training on the firm's independence policies and related topics. Completion is monitored and non-completion may lead to disciplinary action being taken.

Additionally, face-to-face training is delivered by the firm's independence specialists and Risk and Quality teams, as required.

PwC Argentina requires all partners and staff upon joining the firm and at least annually thereafter to confirm that they comply with all aspects of the firm's independence policy. In addition, all partners must confirm that all non-audit services and business relationships for which they are responsible comply with policy, and that the firm's processes have been followed in accepting these engagements and relationships. These confirmations serve two primary purposes: to identify potential breaches of independence that may have arisen and as an important reminder of the firm's independence policies and procedures. These annual confirmations are supplemented by confirmations from engagement team members on the firm's public clients.

Promoting compliance

PwC member firms are required to have disciplinary policies and mechanisms to promote compliance with independence policies and processes, and to report and address any breaches of independence requirements.

This would include, where appropriate, discussion with the client's audit committee or governance function, regarding an evaluation of the impact on the independence of the firm and the need for safeguards to maintain objectivity.

Potential breaches of the firm's independence policies that are identified from self disclosures, independence confirmations, personal independence audits, engagement reviews and other monitoring activities are investigated by the firm's Compliance team to determine if a reportable breach has occurred. A partner or staff member may be subject to a fine or other disciplinary action for a violation of independence policy.

Confirmation of internal review of independence procedures and practices

Our independence procedures and practices are subject to review on an ongoing basis. This is achieved through a monitoring and testing programme, which includes the following:

- engagement reviews to confirm compliance with the firm's risk management procedures, including independence
- personal independence audits of a random selection of partners and practice staff managers and above
- compliance testing of independence controls and processes
- annual assessment of the firm's adherence to the PwC Network's risk management standard for independence.

In addition, policies and guidance are reviewed and revised to reflect updates to laws and regulations, when PwC Network policies and guidance change, or when required as a result of the above reviews and of our monitoring and testing programme.

The results of the firm's monitoring and testing are reported to the Leadership Team on a regular basis, with a summary reported to them on an annual basis.

Based on the reviews outlined above, we confirm that we have conducted an internal review of independence practices during the year ended 30 June 2016. All partners and practice staff receive mandatory training on the firm's independence policies and related topics.

6. External monitoring

(a) Argentina regulators

The firm is registered and authorised to undertake statutory audit work by the BCRA, the Argentine Central Bank; the SSN, the National Insurance Entities Regulator; and the CNV, the Securities and Exchange Commission in Argentina.

Each year, as part of its monitoring responsibilities, the BCRA undertakes inspections of the financial institutions under its scrutiny. Under this inspection programme, the BCRA may conduct reviews of the working papers of those who perform an external control over the financial institutions, including their statutory auditors.

Up to the date of this report, the CNV has not set up an external inspection programme over statutory auditors.

(b) Overseas regulators

PwC Argentina is registered in the following territories in order to meet local requirements in relation to the audits of certain entities:

- US
- UK
- Luxembourg

As a requirement of these registrations, PwC Argentina is subject to monitoring by the relevant regulatory bodies. Up to the date of this report, none of these regulators with the exception of the US Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) have undertaken inspections of our audit work.

(c) PCAOB inspections

The US PCAOB is the regulator for the audits of public companies with shares listed in the US. PwC Argentina engagements relevant to the PCAOB include SEC registrants that are Foreign Private Issuers and the Argentinean components of US or other non-US SEC-registered groups.

The PCAOB last inspected PwC Argentina in August 2015 and reviewed the audit files of two FPI audits and one other engagement together with the firm's related quality control procedures. The PCAOB published its report in December 2015.

The PCAOB's review did not identify any audit performance issues that, in the inspection team's view, resulted in the firm failing to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support its opinion on the issuer's financial statements or internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR") or to fulfill the objectives of its role in the other engagement.

In addition to evaluating the quality of the audit work performed on specific audit engagements, the inspection included review of certain of the firm's practices, policies, and procedures related to audit quality. The inspection team did not identify anything during its quality control review that it considered to be a quality control defect that warranted a discussion in a Board inspection report. A full copy of the report can be found at www.pcaobus.org/Inspections/Reports/Pages/default.aspx.

(d) Responding to matters raised by our Regulators

We are committed to working constructively with, and take seriously all the findings identified by the firm's regulators in relation to the quality of the firm's audit work. We establish action plans to address the findings, together with a clear time frame for their resolution, and appoint individuals to be responsible for making sure that those actions are achieved.

The agreed action plans typically involve revisions to the firm's policies and procedures, or to their application guidance, as well as making sure of the inclusion of particular topics in mandatory training events.

The Head of Assurance, the Assurance Risk and Quality Leader and other partners responsible for the regulatory process within the firm, monitor progress against agreed action plans on a regular basis.

7. Our people

"Today, we recognize skills in data analytics, information management, and programming languages as more valuable than ever. along with the leadership skills that enable students to effectively lead, communicate, and collaborate. Tomorrow, we can only imagine how technology will continue to transform our work and the workplace."

We have been recognized by a number of different organisations for our accomplishments in human capital, and are committed to creating an environment where we are able to attract, develop, and retain the best and brightest in our profession. We see this as critical to our success as a Firm. Our people strategies—including how we recruit and deploy talent, develop skills and identify diverse professional experiences, and provide coaching and feedback—are all essential to our ability to achieve our quality objectives.

As we look to evolve, and remain as the leading professional services firm, we must create the PwC professional of the future. This individual possesses both business and global acumen, embodies exceptional technical capabilities, exhibits leadership skills, and demonstrates expertise in cultivating professional relationships. As part of our business transformation strategy, our objective is to create a well-rounded professional, a whole leader, who embodies all of these qualities and can confidently deliver quality, value, and excellence in increasingly complex and rapidly evolving environments.

(a) Recruiting

Developing our people starts with sourcing the best talent. While our Firm continues to transform, our value proposition for attracting top talent remains consistent. We expect a lot from our people, but in return we provide competitive compensation and outstanding employee benefits. We provide world-class development opportunities and the chance to work with some of the best organisations. Our sourcing strategy is designed to hire highly qualified candidates who have diverse backgrounds, skills, and cultures; possess personal attributes consistent with our Firm's culture and our people; have a questioning mindset and intellectual curiosity; and demonstrate courage and integrity.

(b) Professional development

Opportunities for learning and development—whether team-based, in a classroom environment, or technology-based—help our people develop the skills to be a successful professional. Throughout their tenure with the Firm, we provide our professionals with increasingly challenging experiences and career opportunities. Professional development also occurs through the coaching and real-time development our professionals receive on the job.

Our partners also help the members of their teams—and each other— define career aspirations and then identify development opportunities that will enable them to reach their goals. Opportunities for learning may include tours with various practices within the Firm or in different offices around the world.

(c) Retention

Retention is important in achieving sustained audit quality. We are dedicated to creating an environment that enables us to deliver the PwC Experience to our people. From embracing our commitment to working flexibly to taking the time to engage and inspire our people on a personal level, we "re-recruit" our people by delivering on the value proposition that a career with PwC Argentina provides. We recognize that turnover rates in the public accounting profession are high, and that our staff, in particular, are in high demand. Accordingly, retaining our highly talented professionals remains a priority. Providing our people with flexibility in meeting both their professional and personal obligations is an important component of our retention strategy. In addition to continuing to provide formal flexibility options (such as reduced schedules and telecommuting arrangements), we are making flexibility discussions part of our culture.

(d) Our diversity and inclusion strategy

Our stakeholders look to us for broad thinking and perspectives, which leads to greater value in the services we provide, innovative solutions to client challenges, and enhanced quality. To realize these objectives, we need people of different cultures, backgrounds, and experiences—as well as an inclusive environment in which all of our people can succeed. Cultural dexterity helps us connect, communicate, and work with people from

different backgrounds. An inclusive environment is shaped through countless experiences and interactions with individuals throughout our organization. Our diversity and inclusion strategy engages all of our people to help continue the course toward organizational change.

(e) Multi-disciplinary firm

Building trust is at the core of our Purpose. Credibility and reputation are important components that enable us to build that trust. If we fail to maintain trust, we could suffer irreparable harm to our brand and lose our ability to deliver on our Purpose. That is why maintaining the quality and integrity of our audit practice is foundational to our brand, our strategy, and our success.

We believe that a multi-disciplinary firm (that is in full compliance with independence requirements) makes us more knowledgeable of the risks and challenges that affect our audit clients. These risks and challenges can include, among many others, different revenue models based on emerging technology and business models; the impact of cybersecurity threats on internal control over financial reporting; valuation processes due to the expanded use of fair value in financial reporting; forensic investigations; complex income tax matters; and information technology innovations. These are complex issues that require deep understanding and technical knowledge.

(f) Learning and development

Auditing is a complex and challenging profession. However, the composition of our audit teams provides our less tenured professionals the opportunity to work with more senior professionals, which promotes meaningful onthe-job training. Judgment is honed by witnessing—on a real-time basis—how seasoned auditors approach issue identification and resolution. Professional skepticism, accounting knowledge, auditing skills, issues management, and review and supervision, are technical capabilities every audit professional is required to develop continuously throughout his/her career.

(g) Our School of Business

Today we are living in a new paradigm regarding business education. Its values and principles were strongly impacted by the effects of the global crisis that erupted in September 2008. This impact created a current that called into question the moral responsibility in the face of risk and forced us to reflect on ethics and culture in the business world. To be able to respond to future market trends and innovation, universities and companies ought to work together in the vocation of diffusion and generation of knowledge.

With this in mind, PwC generates value for its clients through the contribution of our human capital. That is why it is strategic to enhance the quality and quantity of available talents, providing them appropriate technical training, empirical and moral formation for those who are working as entrepreneurs and managers of business.

Which is why PwC Argentina created the PwC Argentina School of Business. Its opening and continuous growth enables us to leverage our strategy and our vision for the future. Our School of Business marks the integration of our current technical curricula with training programs in management and leadership that are developed in partnership with top-notch universities.

We have sealed strategic alliances with universities focused on developing a series of internal programs for PwC professionals and external ones for the business community in general, addressing diverse topics that include business development; strategy; management and generating results; creativity and innovation; ethics and corporate governance; team management; negotiation; networking; commercial management, and much more.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the PwC Argentina School of Business had a series of conferences with renowned local professionals in the development of current political-economic topics and management issues from businesses in Argentina. We also continued to sponsor Senior Management Programmes for our partners in association with renowned local universities.

"Flexibility is about having predictability in our work. That means we need to work together to plan, coordinate schedules and deliverables, and give each other the ability to take the personal time we need to pursue all of our goals."

8. Financial Information

At PwC Argentina our wide range and size of clients come from a broad spectrum of activities, the financial sector, including banking, asset management and insurance, to industrial and commercial activities, from large multinationals to small family-run businesses and, of course, the public and institutional sectors.

Our gross revenues for audit services represent approximately 51% of our firm's total gross revenues. Tax, advisory and other assurance non-audit services services represent approximately 23%, 22% and 4% of our firm's total gross revenues, respectively.

A list of the public interest entities defined as those incorporated outside of the EU that have transferable securities listed on a EU regulated market for which we carried out a statutory audit during the year ended 30 June 2016 can be found below. In the aggregate, these clients represented approximately less than 1% of our firm's total gross revenues from audit services for the year ended 30 June 2016.

9. Remuneration of partners

At PwC Argentina, our partners are remunerated solely out of the profits of our firm. The final allocation and distribution of profit to individual partners is made once their performance has been assessed and the annual financial statements have been approved.

Each Partner's remuneration comprises three interrelated profit-dependent components:

- Responsibility income reflecting the Partner's sustained contribution and responsibilities;
- Performance income reflecting how a Partner and their team(s) has performed; and
- Seniority income reflecting the number of years of the person as an active partner in the firm.

Each partner's performance income is determined by assessing achievements against an individually tailored balanced scorecard of objectives based on the partner's role and responsibilities.

Under no circumstances are partners rewarded for selling nonaudit services to audit clients.

10. Public interest entities

During the period covered by this report PwC Argentina has signed the audit opinion for the following clients:

Company Name

Mortgage Trust BHN III Grupo Clarín S.A Type of Transferable Security

Fixed and Floating Rate Bonds Depository Receipts EU Regulated Market

Luxemburg Stock Exchange London Stock Exchange

